

November PHENOLOGY & CHECKLIST

Naturalist Jim Gilbert's observations from this time last year, plus a seasonal checklist of backyard tasks.



01

We can still see and hear huge flocks of **Red-winged Blackbirds** and Common Grackles. Native bittersweet vines display orange-red fruit.





Corn combining continues. Lombardy poplars, Norway maples and some late ginkgo trees are displaying golden-yellow leaves.

NOV



A new record high of 73°F is recorded at MSP International Airport; the old Twin Cities high of 71°F was set in 2001. A few sulphur and comma butterflies are on the wing, honeybees visit flowers, autumn witch-hazel blooms, and a very late snowy tree cricket calls this evening in Golden Valley.

NOV



Dozens of chrysanthemum varieties, plus begonias, zinnias, geraniums and more are still blooming in gardens. Apple growers continue picking Haralson, Honeygold and Keepsake varieties. We keep mowing our lawns.

NOV



A Snowy Owl makes an appearance near Itasca State Park. The last leopard frogs of the season head for Lake Waconia to hibernate.



NOV



A very late migrating monarch butterfly flits through Faribault. It's the last evening of record for little brown bats to room in a Northfield bat house; after tonight they leave to hibernate somewhere.

NOV



High temperature of 68°F (normal high is 45°F). A late painted turtle is up on a pond log sunning itself.



NOV



An estimated 1,000 migrating **Tundra Swans** congregate on the Mississippi River and backwaters just south of Brownsville. This is an annual feeding and resting area as these birds migrate from their northern Canada nesting territory to wintering spots on the Chesapeake Bay in Maryland and points south into North Carolina.

NOV 14



Weasels in their winter white phase are referred to as ermines. Lingering flocks of Eastern Bluebirds remain. Cedar Waxwings and American Robins feed on crabapple fruit.

- Switch at least one feeder to Medium Sunflower Chips or **Kracker Jax** to provide quick, high-energy food for the birds with less energy expended as there is no shell to crack. These shell-less bird food varieties make for easy spring clean up as well.
- ☐ Flocks of Cedar Waxwings devour crabapples and mountain ash fruits and visit heated birdbaths.
- ☐ Add **suet** and a **peanut feeder** for high fat and high protein foods to fuel birds during cold temperatures.
- Mix in suet pellets and dried mealworms to seed tube feeders, hopper feeders or hanging trays.



- Blue Jays cache in-shell peanuts in the fall. Offer peanuts in a peanut wreath, hanging tray or fly-through feeder.
- Winter visiting finches join goldfinches at the Nyjer[™] feeders. Look for Pine Siskins and Redpolls to join the House Finches and goldfinches eating Finches' Choice, Nyjer & Chips or Nyjer.
- ☐ Use a **clamp-on deck rail hanger** to have easy access to the feeder this winter.

November PHENOLOGY & CHECKLIST (Continued from front)

NOV



NOV 17

High of 58°F. Some golfers are out on this sunny day. We can still pick Honeygold apples and ripe, fall-bearing raspberries. Red salvia, zinnias, geraniums, petunias, begonias, and more are still blooming in our gardens. First fresh-cut evergreen trees appear on Christmas tree lots.

NOV 18

Rain and then snow, strong NW winds, and 31°F temperatures mark the end of a 219-day growing season; 52 days longer than the normal 167-day growing season. Petunias, marigolds and more perish.

NOV 19

Birders report seeing about 1,000 **Tundra Swans**, and about the same number of **American Coots**, on the Mississippi River and backwaters near Weaver, just south of Wabasha.

NOV 24

On this Thanksgiving Day, at least 2,000 Tundra Swans gather in the Weaver Bottoms south of Wabasha. Up to 28 **Collared Doves** come to a feeding station in Willmar.

NOV 25



A flock of **Cedar Waxwings** eats their namesake red cedar (juniper) berries. The foliage on these trees is turning from green to reddish-brown.

NOV 26

High of 46°F. Scant dandelions bloom, but on very short stems. Forest mosses are lush green and growing. At a feeding station on the edge of Northfield, 23 species of birds, including five woodpecker species, come for food today. Fishing boats are out on some southern MN lakes, even as skiers swoosh down Lutsen Mountains hills.

NOV 29

Several hundred Franklin's Gulls come over the NW side of Lake Waconia and glide out onto the lake to spend the night.

NOV 30

Ponds and lakes are ice-free. We in the Twin Cities and area just experienced the second warmest November on record, and the warmest October through November period.

- Reduce trips out to feeders by using a largecapacity Quick Clean Big Tube feeder.
- ☐ Install a **Wood Duck** house on a pole at the pond edge before freeze up.
- Tundra Swans travel overhead. Listen for their muffled musical whistles as they fly to their wintering range along the Atlantic Coast.
- Migrating waterfowl include widgeons, pintails, Canvasbacks, scaups, Buffleheads and Ruddy Ducks.
- White-throated and Fox Sparrows forage beneath backyard feeders. Sprinkle some *Finches' Choice* on the ground for them.



- Watch for huge flocks of migrating grackles and Red-winged Blackbirds in black "rivers of life" in the overhead skies.
- ☐ Large rafts of coots gather on lakes, as eagles watch them from the treetops.
- Look on tree trunks for Brown Creepers camouflaged against the gray-brown bark.
- Downy, Hairy, Red-bellied and Pileated Woodpeckers frequent suet feeders throughout the year, but flickers may visit feeders in the winter months.

